

Answer on Question #52511-Physics-Other

Two tanks are connected by a valve. One tank contains 2 kg of CO₂ at 77°C and 0.7 atm. The other tank has 8 kg of the same gas at 27°C and 1.2 atm. The valve is opened and gases are allowed to mix while receiving energy by heat transfer from the surroundings. The final equilibrium temperature is 42°C.

Using ideal gas model, determine:

- the final equilibrium pressure
- the heat transfer for the process.

Solution

a) The final pressure can be found from ideal gas equation of state:

$$P_f = \frac{m_f RT_f}{V_1 + V_2} = \frac{(m_1 + m_2)RT_f}{V_1 + V_2}$$

For tank 1 and 2, we can write: $V_1 = \frac{m_1 RT_1}{P_1}$ and $V_2 = \frac{m_2 RT_2}{P_2}$. Thus, the final pressure, P_f becomes:

$$P_f = \frac{(m_1 + m_2)RT_f}{\frac{m_1 RT_1}{P_1} + \frac{m_2 RT_2}{P_2}} = \frac{(m_1 + m_2)T_f}{\frac{m_1 T_1}{P_1} + \frac{m_2 T_2}{P_2}}$$
$$P_f = \frac{(10\text{kg})(315\text{K})}{\frac{(2\text{kg})(350\text{K})}{0.7\text{ atm}} + \frac{(8\text{kg})(300\text{K})}{1.2\text{ atm}}} = 1.05\text{ atm.}$$

b) The heat transfer can be found from an energy balance:

$$\Delta U = Q - W$$

With $W = 0$,

$$Q = U_f - U_i$$

where initial internal energy is: $U_i = m_1 u(T_1) + m_2 u(T_2)$

The final internal energy is: $U_f = (m_1 + m_2)u(T_f)$

The energy balance becomes:

$$Q = m_1 [u(T_f) - u(T_1)] + m_2 [u(T_f) - u(T_2)]$$

Since the specific heat C_v is constant

$$Q = m_1 C_v [T_f - T_1] + m_2 C_v [T_f - T_2]$$

$$Q = (2\text{kg}) \left(0.745 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kgK}} \right) (315\text{K} - 350\text{K}) + (8\text{kg}) \left(0.745 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kgK}} \right) (315\text{K} - 300\text{K}) = 37.25\text{ kJ.}$$

The plus sign indicates that the heat transfer is into the system.