

Answer to the Question #87111 – Math – Differential Equations

Question

Solve the differential equation $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = a + bx + cx^2$ given that $\frac{dy}{dx} = 0$ and $y = d$ when $x = 0$.

Solution

We want to solve the following differential equation:

$$\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = a + bx + cx^2, \quad \frac{dy}{dx} \Big|_{x=0} = 0, \quad y(x=0) = d.$$

By integrating both sides of the equation and applying the Second Fundamental Theorem of Calculus we have

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^t \frac{d^2y}{dx^2} dx &= \int_0^t a + bx + cx^2 dx \Rightarrow \\ \frac{dy}{dx} \Big|_{x=t} - \frac{dy}{dx} \Big|_{x=0} &= \left(ax + \frac{1}{2}bx^2 + \frac{1}{3}cx^3 \right) \Big|_{x=t} - \left(ax + \frac{1}{2}bx^2 + \frac{1}{3}cx^3 \right) \Big|_{x=0} \\ \Rightarrow \frac{dy}{dt} &= at + \frac{1}{2}bt^2 + \frac{1}{3}ct^3. \end{aligned}$$

By doing the same process on the last equation we get

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^s \frac{dy}{dt} dt &= \int_0^s at + \frac{1}{2}bt^2 + \frac{1}{3}ct^3 dt \Rightarrow \\ y(s) - y(0) &= \left(\frac{1}{2}at^2 + \frac{1}{6}bt^3 + \frac{1}{12}ct^4 \right) \Big|_{t=s} - \left(\frac{1}{2}at^2 + \frac{1}{6}bt^3 + \frac{1}{12}ct^4 \right) \Big|_{t=0} \\ \Rightarrow y(s) &= \frac{1}{2}as^2 + \frac{1}{6}bs^3 + \frac{1}{12}cs^4 + d. \end{aligned}$$

Please note that in the above calculations we have used the initial conditions given in the question. Thus, the solution of the differential equation is

$$y = \frac{1}{2}ax^2 + \frac{1}{6}bx^3 + \frac{1}{12}cx^4 + d.$$

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