

## Answer to Question #86295 - Math - Calculus

### Question:

Show that for two scalar fields  $f$  and  $g$ :  $\nabla \cdot (\nabla f \times (f \nabla g)) = 0$ .

### Solution:

We know that  $\nabla \cdot (\vec{A} \times \vec{B}) = (\nabla \times \vec{A}) \cdot \vec{B} - (\nabla \times \vec{B}) \cdot \vec{A}$

$$\nabla \cdot (\nabla f \times (f \nabla g)) = (\nabla \times \nabla f) \cdot (f \nabla g) - (\nabla \times (f \nabla g)) \cdot \nabla f$$

For any scalar field  $\varphi$ ,  $\nabla \times \nabla \varphi = 0$ .

So  $\nabla \times \nabla f = 0$

$$\text{Also } \nabla \times (f \nabla g) = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial}{\partial y} & \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \\ f \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} & f \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} & f \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} \end{vmatrix} = \left[ \vec{i} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} \right) - \vec{j} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \right) + \vec{k} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \right) \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Now } (\nabla \times (f \nabla g)) \cdot \nabla f &= \left[ \vec{i} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} \right) - \vec{j} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \right) + \vec{k} \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \right) \right] \left[ \vec{i} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} + \vec{j} \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} + \vec{k} \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \right] \\ &= \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} \right) \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} - \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \right) \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} + \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} \right) \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \\ &= \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial g}{\partial z} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial y} - \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \frac{\partial f}{\partial z} \frac{\partial g}{\partial x} = 0 \end{aligned}$$

Hence  $(\nabla \times (f \nabla g)) \cdot \nabla f = 0$ .

Thus  $\nabla \cdot (\nabla f \times (f \nabla g)) = 0$ .