## Answer to Question #85521 - Math - Statistics and Probability

**Question:** Let X be a continuous random variable with probability density function given by,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2}x, \text{ for } 0 \le x \le 2\\ 0, \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$

Determine the mean and variance of this distribution.

**Solution:** First we need to check that the function f given in the question is a density function.

• 
$$\forall x \in \mathbb{R}, f(x) \ge 0$$
  
•  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = \int_{0}^{2} \frac{1}{2} x dx = 1$ 

Therefore, f is a density. Calculating the mean:

$$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x f(x) dx$$
$$= \int_{0}^{2} x \cdot \frac{1}{2} x dx$$
$$= \int_{0}^{2} \frac{x^{2}}{2} dx$$
$$= \frac{4}{3}$$

Hence, we have,  $E(X) = \frac{4}{3}$ 

Calculating the variance:

$$E(X^2) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f(x) dx$$
$$= \int_0^2 x^2 \cdot \frac{1}{2} x dx$$
$$= \int_0^2 \frac{x^3}{2} dx$$
$$= \frac{16}{8}$$
$$= 2$$

Hence, we have,  $E(X^2) = 2$ 

$$Var(X) = E(X - E(X))^{2}$$
  
=  $E(X^{2}) - (E(X))^{2}$   
=  $2 - (\frac{4}{3})^{2}$   
=  $\frac{2}{9}$ 

Hence, we have,  $Var(X) = \frac{2}{9}$ 

Answer:

• 
$$E(X) = \frac{4}{3}$$

• 
$$Var(X) = \frac{2}{9}$$