## Question:

Is the statement true or false?
Give a short proof or a counter example in support of your answer.
Rolle's theorem is applicable for the function $f$, defined by $f(x)=1+x^{2 / 3}$ in the interval $[-1,1]$.

## Solution:

The function $f(x)=1+x^{2 / 3}$ is continuous in the interval $[-1,1]$.
But it is not differentiable at $x=0$ since any function is not continuous at a point where there is a sharp turn. Since the curve has a sharp turn at $x=0$, the function $f(x)=1+x^{2 / 3}$ is not differentiable at $x=0$.


Hence one of the conditions of Rolle's theorem is not satisfied.
Thus Rolle's theorem cannot be verified for this function $f(x)=1+x^{2 / 3}$.

