## Answer on Question \#79021 - Math - Calculus

## Question

Verify $f$, defined by $f(x)=x^{\wedge} 3+4 x+1$ on $[1,5]$ satisfies Lagrange's mean value theorem.

## Solution

We should check that there exists $t \in(1,5)$ such that

$$
f(5)-f(1)=f^{\prime}(t) \cdot(5-1)
$$

Calculate

$$
\frac{f(5)-f(1)}{5-1}=\frac{125+20+1-1-4-1}{4}=35
$$

Then

$$
f^{\prime}(t)=3 t^{2}+4
$$

$3 t^{2}+4=35$ for $t=\sqrt{31 / 3} \in(1,5)$
So

$$
f(5)-f(1)=f^{\prime}(\sqrt{31 / 3}) \cdot(5-1)
$$

It means Lagrange's mean value theorem is satisfied.

