## Answer on Question \#76564 - Math - Statistics and Probability

## Question

Suppose that, for a certain mathematics class, the scores are normally distributed with a mean of 75 and a standard deviation of 6 . The teacher wishes to give A's to the top $5 \%$ of the students and F's to the bottom 5\%. The next $15 \%$ in either direction will be given B's and D's, with the other students receiving C's.

What is the cumulative distribution?

## Solution

The $z$-scores associated with the given probability values can be determined from the standard normal table or calculated using the technology (function NORM.S.INV() of MS Excel).

A $z$-score is converted into data score as follows.
$x=\mu+z \sigma$

The results are summarized in the table.

| Grade | Percentage to <br> the left | Minimum <br> $z$-score | Minimum <br> score |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A | $95 \%$ | 1.645 | 84.9 |
| B | $80 \%$ | 0.842 | 80.0 |
| C | $20 \%$ | -0.842 | 70.0 |
| D | $5 \%$ | -1.645 | 65.1 |
| F | $<5 \%$ | $<-1.645$ | $<65.1$ |

