

Answer on Question #76037 – Math – Differential Equations

Question

Solve the differential equation.

Suppose the temperature of a body when discovered is 85° F. Two hours later, the temperature is 74° F and the room temperature is 68° F. Find the time when the body was discovered after death (assume the body temperature to be 98.6° F at the time of death.)

Solution

Using Newton's Law of Cooling tells us:

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = k(68 - T), \quad T_0=98.6, \quad T(t_1)=T_1=85, \quad T_2=T(t_1+2)=74.$$

$$\frac{dT}{dt} = k(68 - T), \quad \frac{dT}{dt} = -k(T - 68), \quad \frac{dT}{T - 68} = -kdt.$$

Now we can integrate both sides of equations, variables are separated.

$$\int \frac{dT}{T - 68} = \int -kdt$$

$$\ln(T - 68) = -kt + C.$$

$$T - 68 = C e^{-kt}, \quad T = 68 + C e^{-kt}.$$

We can use initial condition to find the value of C:

$$T(0) = 68 + C = 98.6, \quad C = 98.6 - 68 = 30.6.$$

The solution of this differential equation is $T = 68 + 30.6e^{-kt}$.

Now we need to find the value of k .

$$85 = 68 + 30.6e^{-kt_1}, \quad 30.6e^{-kt_1} = 17, \quad e^{-kt_1} = \frac{17}{30.6}$$

$$74 = 68 + 30.6e^{-k(t_1+2)}, \quad 30.6e^{-kt_1-2k} = 6, \quad 30.6e^{-kt_1}e^{-2k} = 6.17e^{-2k} = 6, \quad -2k = \ln \frac{6}{17},$$

$$k = \frac{1}{2} \ln \frac{17}{6}.$$

Now we can find t_1 :

$$e^{-kt_1} = \frac{17}{30.6}, \quad -kt_1 = \ln \frac{17}{30.6}, \quad t_1 = \frac{1}{k} \ln \frac{30.6}{17} = 2 \frac{\ln \frac{30.6}{17}}{\ln \frac{17}{6}} = 1.13 \text{ (hours)}.$$

Answer: body was found in 1.13 hours after death.