## Answer on Question #75438 – Math – Discrete Mathematics

## Question

A committee of three is chosen from a group of 20 people. How many different committees are possible, if

- (a) the committee consists of a president, vice president, and treasurer?
- (b) there is no distinction among the three members of the committee?

## Solution

- (a) The number of arrangements without repetitions is equal to the number of *k*-combinations multiplied by the number of permutations between them  $C_n^k \cdot k! = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!} \cdot k! = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!}$ . In our case n = 20; k = 3;  $\frac{20!}{17!} = 18 \cdot 19 \cdot 20 = 6840$ .
- (b) A *k*-combination of a set *S* is a subset of *k* distinct elements of *S*. If the set has *n* elements, then the number of *k*-combinations is equal to the binomial coefficient:  $C_n^k = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$ . In our case n = 20; k = 3;  $C_{20}^3 = \frac{20!}{3!\cdot 17!} = \frac{18\cdot 19\cdot 20}{6} = 1140$ .

Answer: (a) 6840; (b) 1140.