

## Answer on Question #75205, Math / Discrete Mathematics.

**Task.** Let  $X$  be a finite set with  $|X| > 1$ . What is the difference between  $P_1 = X \times X$  and  $P_2 = \{S \in P(X) : |S| = 2\}$ ? Which set,  $P_1$  or  $P_2$ , has more elements?

**Solution.** So,

$$P_1 = X \times X = \{(a, b) : a, b \in X\},$$

$$P_2 = \{S \in P(X) : |S| = 2\} = \{\{a, b\} : a, b \in X, a \neq b\}.$$

Example,

if  $a \in X$  then  $(a, a) \in P_1$  but  $\{a, a\} \notin P_2$ ;

if  $a, b \in X$ , then  $(a, b), (b, a) \in P_1$  (two elements) and  $\{a, b\} = \{b, a\} \in P_2$  (one element).

Therefore, the set  $P_1$  has more elements than the set  $P_2$ .

More detail, let  $|X| = n$ . So,

$$|P_2| = \binom{n}{2} = \frac{n!}{2!(n-2)!} = \frac{n(n-1)}{2} \text{ and } |P_1| = |X \times X| = |X|^2 = n^2.$$

$$\text{Then } |P_1| - |P_2| = n^2 - \frac{n(n-1)}{2} = \frac{2n^2 - n(n-1)}{2} = \frac{2n^2 - n^2 + n}{2} = \frac{n^2 + n}{2} = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}.$$