## Answer on Question \#71325 - Math - Calculus

## Question

Sketch the region below the curve $y=2 x-x^{2}$ and above the $x$-axis and find its area.

## Solution

Since the equality $y=2 x-x^{2}=-(x-1)^{2}+1$ holds, we get


Obviously, we obtain

$$
S=\int_{0}^{2}\left(2 x-x^{2}\right) d x=2 \int_{0}^{2} x d x-\int_{0}^{2} x^{2} d x=\frac{4}{3}
$$

Answer: $\frac{4}{3}$.

