# Answer on Question #70822 – Math – Geometry

### Question

**1.** Find parametrization of following level curve y^2-x^2=1.

# Solution

The equation of the conjugate hyperbola in Cartesian coordinates is given by

$$\frac{y^2}{a^2} - \frac{x^2}{b^2} = 1$$

A parametrization of the conjugate hyperbola is

$$x = a \cdot \sinh t$$
,  $y = b \cdot \cosh t$ ,  $t \in R$ 

(the hyperbolic identity  $\cosh^2(t) - \sinh^2(t) = 1$  was applied),

then the curve

$$y^2 - x^2 = 1$$
,  $a = 1$ ,  $b = 1$ 

has the following parametrization:

$$x = \sinh t$$
,  $y = \cosh t$ ,  $t \in R$ 

**Answer**:  $x = \sinh t$ ,  $y = \cosh t$ ,  $t \in R$ 

### Question

**2.** Find parametrization of following level curve  $x^2/4+y^2/9=1$ .

#### Solution

The equation of an ellipse in Cartesian coordinates is given by

$$\frac{x^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{b^2} = 1$$

A parametrization of ellipse curve is

$$x = a \cdot \cos t$$
,  $y = b \cdot \sin t$ ,  $0 \le t \le 2\pi$ 

(the trigonometric identity  $\cos^2(t) + \sin^2(t) = 1$  was applied),

then the curve

$$\frac{x^2}{4} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$$
,  $a = 2$ ,  $b = 3$ 

has the following parametrization:

 $x = 2 \cdot \cos t$ ,  $y = 3 \cdot \sin t$ ,  $0 \le t \le 2\pi$ 

**Answer**:  $x = 2 \cdot \cos t$ ,  $y = 3 \cdot \sin t$ ,  $0 \le t \le 2\pi$ .