

## Answer on Question #69104 – Math – Real Analysis

### Question

Evaluate the following limit if it exists:

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4x^3}{\tan^3 x + \tan x - x}$$

### Solution

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4x^3}{\tan^3 x + \tan x - x} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4x^3}{\tan x(\tan^2 x + 1) - x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4x^3}{\frac{\tan x}{\cos^2 x} - x} = [L'Hopital's rule] = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(4x^3)'}{\left(\frac{\tan x}{\cos^2 x} - x\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{12x^2}{\frac{1}{\cos^4 x} + \frac{2\tan x \cdot \sin x}{\cos^3 x} - 1} = [L'Hopital's rule] = \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(12x^2)'}{\left(\frac{1}{\cos^4 x} + \frac{2\tan^2 x}{\cos^2 x} - 1\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{24x}{\frac{4\sin x}{\cos^5 x} + \frac{4\tan x}{\cos^4 x} + \frac{4\tan^2 x \cdot \sin x}{\cos^3 x}} = [L'Hopital's rule] \\ &= \\ &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(24x)'}{\left(\frac{8\tan x}{\cos^4 x} + \frac{4\tan^3 x}{\cos^2 x}\right)'} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{24}{\frac{8}{\cos^6 x} + \frac{32\tan x \cdot \sin x}{\cos^5 x} + \frac{12\tan^2 x}{\cos^4 x} + \frac{4\tan^3 x \cdot \sin x}{\cos^3 x}} \\ &= \frac{24}{8 + 0 + 0 + 0} = 3 \end{aligned}$$

**Answer:** 3.