

Answer on Question #66071 – Math – Calculus

Question

Write $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \sqrt{1-y^2} dy dx$ as an integral over a region D . Sketch the region D and show that it is of both types 1 and 2. Reverse the order of integration and evaluate it.

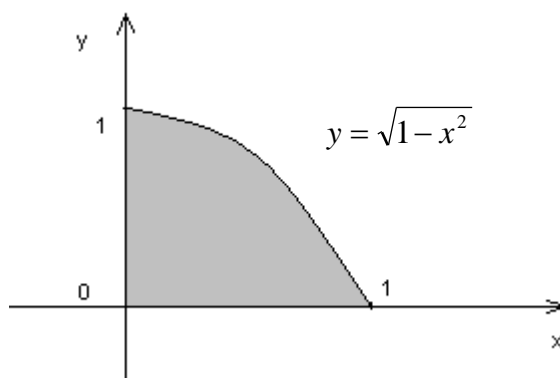
Solution

The integral $\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \sqrt{1-y^2} dy dx$ is given.

First write this integral in the form of double integral:

$$\int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \sqrt{1-y^2} dy dx = \iint_D \sqrt{1-y^2} dy dx,$$

where D is the region that is depicted in figure below:



Region D can be defined in two ways:

- 1) $0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq \sqrt{1-x^2}$;
- 2) $0 \leq y \leq 1, 0 \leq x \leq \sqrt{1-y^2}$.

Then reverse the order of integration and evaluate the initial integral:

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \sqrt{1-y^2} dy dx &= \iint_D \sqrt{1-y^2} dy dx = \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \sqrt{1-y^2} dx dy = \int_0^1 \sqrt{1-y^2} x \Big|_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} dy = \int_0^1 \sqrt{1-y^2} \sqrt{1-y^2} dy = \\ &= \int_0^1 (1-y^2) dy = \left(y - \frac{y^3}{3} \right) \Big|_0^1 = 1 - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{2}{3}. \end{aligned}$$

$$\textbf{Answer:} \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \sqrt{1-y^2} dy dx = \iint_D \sqrt{1-y^2} dy dx = \int_0^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \sqrt{1-y^2} dx dy = \frac{2}{3}.$$

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