## Question

Find the cost function for each marginal cost function.
46. $c^{\prime}(x)=0.2 x^{2}+5 x$; Fixed cost is $\$ 10$

## Solution

Marginal cost function is obtained by differentiating the total cost function. So you need to integrate the marginal cost function in order to get total cost function:

$$
\begin{array}{r}
c(x)=\int\left(0.2 x^{2}+5 x\right) d x=\int 0.2 x^{2} d x+\int 5 x d x=0.2 \int x^{2} d x+5 \int x d x \\
=\frac{0.2 x^{3}}{3}+\frac{5 x^{2}}{2}+\text { const }
\end{array}
$$

Fixed cost is value of $c(x)$ when nothing is produced, i.e. in point $x=0$ :

$$
c(0)=\text { const } \Rightarrow \text { const }=10 \Rightarrow c(x)=\frac{0.2 x^{3}}{3}+\frac{5 x^{2}}{2}+10
$$

## Answer

Cost function for $c^{\prime}(x)=0.2 x^{2}+5 x$ with fixed cost of $\$ 10$ is $c(x)=$ $\frac{0.2 x^{3}}{3}+\frac{5 x^{2}}{2}+10$.

