Answer on Question #60615 - Math - Statistics and Probability

Question

• Determine the direction of the hypothesis test (one-sided left, one-sided right, bidirectional)

• Determine the test statistic (z* or t*) and the p-value for each of the following situations and

• Determine if they would cause the rejection of the null hypothesis if the confidence level was set at 95% in each case. (Hint: be wary of the sample size) [2 points each]:

a) Ho: μ = 50 mL, Ha: $\mu \neq$ 50 mL, sample mean = 48.1 mL, sample standard deviation = 5, n = 40;

b) Ho: $\mu \le 8.4$ mL, Ha: $\mu > 8.4$ mL, sample mean = 10 mL, s = 3.5 mL, n = 25;

c) Ho: $\mu \ge 20^{\circ}$ C, Ha: $\mu < 20^{\circ}$ C , sample mean =17.1° C, s =4.6°C, n = 12;

d) Ho: μ = 357 s, Ha: $\mu \neq$ 380 s, sample mean = 410 s, s = 75, n = 40;

e) Ho: $\mu \le 46$ units, Ha: $\mu > 46$ units, sample mean = 50 units, s = 9.5, n = 41.

Solution

The general rule for when to use a t* statistic is when our sample size meets the following two requirements:

- The sample size is below 30
- The population standard deviation is unknown (estimated from your sample data)

In all our cases we know only sample standard deviation and therefore should use t* statistic.

a) Bidirectional; Test statistic t*:

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{48.1 - 50}{\frac{5}{\sqrt{40}}} = -2.40.$$

 $p = 0.021 < 0.05.$ Reject the null hypothesis

b) One –sided right; Test statistic t*:

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{10 - 8.4}{\frac{3.5}{\sqrt{25}}} = 2.29.$$

 $p = 0.016 < 0.05.$ Reject the null hypothesis.

c) One -sided left; Test statistic t*:

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{17.1 - 20}{\frac{4.6}{\sqrt{12}}} = -2.18.$$

 $p = 0.026 < 0.05.$ Reject the null hypothesis.

d) Bidirectional; Test statistic t*:

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{410 - 380}{\frac{75}{\sqrt{40}}} = 2.53.$$

 $p = 0.016 < 0.05.$ Reject the null hypothesis.

e) One -sided right; Test statistic t*:

$$t = \frac{\bar{x} - \mu}{\frac{s}{\sqrt{n}}} = \frac{50 - 46}{\frac{9.5}{\sqrt{41}}} = 2.70.$$

p = 0.005 < 0.05. Reject the null hypothesis.