

## Answer on Question #58826 – Math – Calculus

### Question

Integration of  $((\sin x)^2 + 4)/((\sin x)^4 + 16)dx$

### Solution

Let's recall some trigonometrical formulas:

$$\frac{1}{\cos^2 x} = 1 + \tan^2 x; \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{1 + \tan^2 x}; (\tan x)' = \frac{1}{\cos^2 x}.$$

Next,

$$\int \frac{\sin^2 x + 4}{\sin^4 x + 16} dx = \int \frac{\frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{4}{\cos^2 x}}{\frac{(\sin^2 x)^2}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{16}{\cos^2 x}} dx = \int \frac{\tan^2 x + 4(1 + \tan^2 x)}{\tan^2 x(1 - \cos^2 x) + 16(1 + \tan^2 x)} dx =$$

$$= \int \frac{5\tan^2 x + 4}{\tan^2 x \left(1 - \frac{1}{1 + \tan^2 x}\right) + 16(1 + \tan^2 x)} dx$$

$$= \int \frac{5\tan^2 x + 4}{\tan^2 x \left(\frac{\tan^2 x}{1 + \tan^2 x}\right) + 16(1 + \tan^2 x)} dx =$$

$$= \left[ \tan x = t; x = \arctan t; dx = \frac{1}{1 + t^2} dt \right] = \int \frac{5t^2 + 4}{(1 + t^2) \left(\frac{t^4}{1 + t^2}\right) + 16(1 + t^2)^2} dt =$$

$$= \int \frac{5t^2 + 4}{t^4 + 16 + 32t^2 + 16t^4} dt = \int \frac{5t^2 + 4}{17t^4 + 32t^2 + 16} dt = [D = 32^2 - 4 * 17 * 16 = -64;$$

$$t^2 = \frac{-32 + 8i}{34}, t^2 = \frac{-32 - 8i}{34}] = \int \frac{5t^2 + 4}{17\left(t^2 + \frac{16 - 4i}{17}\right)\left(t^2 + \frac{16 + 4i}{17}\right)} dt =$$

$$\left[ \frac{A}{\left(t^2 + \frac{16 - 4i}{17}\right)} + \frac{B}{\left(t^2 + \frac{16 + 4i}{17}\right)} = \frac{5t^2 + 4}{\left(t^2 + \frac{16 - 4i}{17}\right)\left(t^2 + \frac{16 + 4i}{17}\right)} \right]$$

$$A \left(t^2 + \frac{16 + 4i}{17}\right) + B \left(t^2 + \frac{16 - 4i}{17}\right) =$$

$$= 5t^2 + 4; \begin{cases} A + B = 5 \\ A \frac{16 + 4i}{17} + B \frac{16 - 4i}{17} = 4 \end{cases} \begin{cases} B = 5 - A \\ A \frac{16 + 4i}{17} + (5 - A) \frac{16 - 4i}{17} = 4 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} B = 5 - A \\ A(16 + 4i - 16 + 4i) + 80 - 20i = 68 \end{cases} \begin{cases} B = \frac{5}{2} - \frac{3}{2}i \\ A = \frac{-12 + 20i}{8i} = \frac{5}{2} + \frac{3}{2}i \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{1}{17} * \frac{1}{2} \int \left( \frac{5+3i}{\left(t^2 + \frac{16-4i}{17}\right)} + \frac{5-3i}{\left(t^2 + \frac{16+4i}{17}\right)} \right) dt = \\
&= \frac{1}{34} \left( \frac{(5+3i)\sqrt{17}}{2\sqrt{4-i}} \arctan\left(\frac{t\sqrt{17}}{2\sqrt{4-i}}\right) + \frac{(5-3i)\sqrt{17}}{2\sqrt{4+i}} \arctan\left(\frac{t\sqrt{17}}{2\sqrt{4+i}}\right) \right) + C \\
&= \\
&= \frac{1}{68} \left( \frac{(5+3i)\sqrt{17}}{\sqrt{4-i}} * \frac{\sqrt{4+i}}{\sqrt{4+i}} \arctan\left(\frac{t\sqrt{17}}{2\sqrt{4-i}} * \frac{\sqrt{4+i}}{\sqrt{4+i}}\right) + \frac{(5-3i)\sqrt{17}}{\sqrt{4+i}} * \right. \\
&\quad \left. * \frac{\sqrt{4-i}}{\sqrt{4-i}} \arctan\left(\frac{t\sqrt{17}}{2\sqrt{4+i}} * \frac{\sqrt{4-i}}{\sqrt{4-i}}\right) \right) + C \\
&= \left[ \sqrt{(4-i)(4+i)} = \sqrt{17}; t = \tan x \right] \\
&= \frac{1}{68} \left( (5+3i)\sqrt{4+i} * \arctan\left(\frac{\tan x * \sqrt{4+i}}{2}\right) + (5-3i)\sqrt{4-i} \right. \\
&\quad \left. * \arctan\left(\frac{\tan x * \sqrt{4-i}}{2}\right) \right) + C,
\end{aligned}$$

where  $C$  is an integration constant.

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Answer: } \int \frac{\sin^2 x + 4}{\sin^4 x + 16} dx &= \frac{1}{68} \left( (5+3i)\sqrt{4+i} * \arctan\left(\frac{\tan x * \sqrt{4+i}}{2}\right) + \right. \\
&\left. + (5-3i)\sqrt{4-i} * \arctan\left(\frac{\tan x * \sqrt{4-i}}{2}\right) \right) + C.
\end{aligned}$$