# Answer on Question #58512 – Math – Analytic Geometry

## Question

Find the equation of the line which is twice as far from the line 4x+3y-6=0 as from 4x+3y-5=0

## Solution

Assume line 1: 4x + 3y - 6 = 0, line 2: 4x + 3y - 5 = 0.

All three lines should be parallel, so equation of the line have the following form:

$$4x + 3y - d = 0.$$

Distance to line 1:

$$d_1 = \frac{|6-d|}{\sqrt{4^2 + 3^2}} = \frac{|6-d|}{5}$$

Distance to line 2:

$$d_2 = \frac{|5-d|}{\sqrt{4^2 + 3^2}} = \frac{|5-d|}{5}$$

We should find the line that satisfies the equality

$$d_1 = 2d_2$$

Substitute for  $d_1$  and  $d_2$ :

$$\frac{|6-d|}{5} = 2\frac{|5-d|}{5}$$
$$|6-d| = 2|5-d|$$

Solving this equation obtain solutions:

$$\begin{bmatrix} d = \frac{16}{3} \\ d = 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

**Answer:** Two possible solutions are 4x + 3y - 4 = 0 or  $4x + 3y - \frac{16}{3} = 0$ .

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