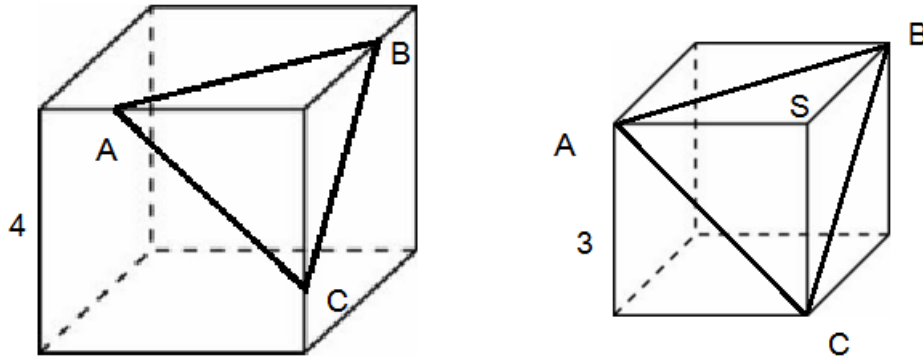


Answer on Question #57601 – Math – Geometry

Question

A solid object consists of a $4 \times 4 \times 4$ cube with a $3 \times 3 \times 3$ cube sticking out. Three corners of the $3 \times 3 \times 3$ cube lie on the edges of the $4 \times 4 \times 4$ cube. The same distance along each edge. What is the combined volume of this object?

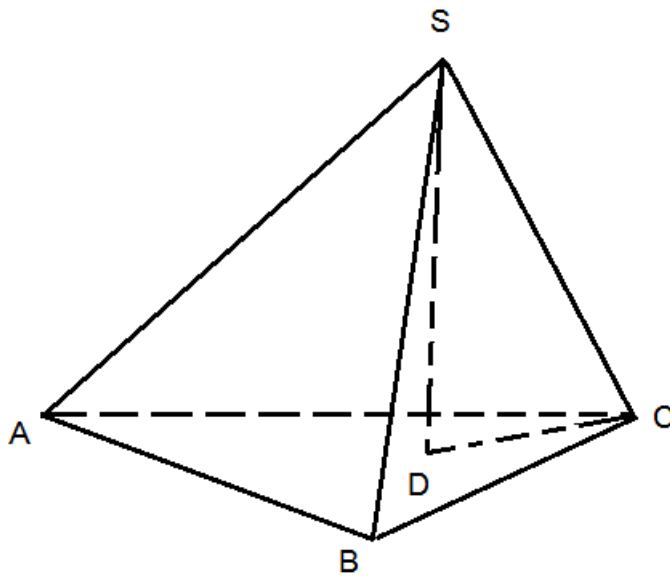
Solution



The combined volume of this object is $V(4 \times 4 \times 4 \text{ cube}) + V(3 \times 3 \times 3 \text{ cube}) - 2 \times V(SABC)$.

$$V(4 \times 4 \times 4 \text{ cube}) = 64$$

$$V(3 \times 3 \times 3 \text{ cube}) = 27$$



$$V = \frac{1}{3}Ah$$

$SC = SB = 3$ (as edges of the $3 \times 3 \times 3$ cube)

$$\angle CSB = 90^\circ$$

$$CB = 3\sqrt{2}$$

Find the same way $AC = DC = AB = 3\sqrt{2}$

ABC is equilateral triangle.

$$A = \frac{a^2\sqrt{3}}{4} = \frac{(3\sqrt{2})^2\sqrt{3}}{4} = \frac{9\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

CD is the radius of the circle circumscribed about the triangle:

$$R = \frac{a\sqrt{3}}{3} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}\sqrt{3}}{3} = \sqrt{6}$$

SDC is right triangle:

$$SC^2 = SD^2 + DC^2$$

SD=h

$$h = \sqrt{(3)^2 - \sqrt{6}^2} = \sqrt{3}$$

$$V(SABC) = \frac{9\sqrt{3}}{6}\sqrt{3} = 4.5$$

$$V(4*4*4 \text{ cube}) + V(3*3*3 \text{ cube}) - 2*V(SABC) = 64 + 27 - 2*4.5 = 64 + 18 = 82.$$

Answer: 82.