

**Answer on Question #57118 – Math – Calculus**

$$\text{If } f(x, y) = \frac{x^2 + y^2}{xy}$$

$$\text{Then prove that } \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = 0$$

**Solution**

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = \left( \frac{x^2 + y^2}{xy} \right)'_x = \left( \frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} \right)'_x = \frac{1}{y} - \frac{y}{x^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = \left( \frac{x^2 + y^2}{xy} \right)'_y = \left( \frac{x}{y} + \frac{y}{x} \right)'_y = -\frac{x}{y^2} + \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = \left( \frac{x^2 + y^2}{xy} \right)''_{xx} = \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \right)'_x = \left( \frac{1}{y} - \frac{y}{x^2} \right)'_x = 0 + \frac{2y}{x^3} = \frac{2y}{x^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = \left( \frac{x^2 + y^2}{xy} \right)''_{yy} = \left( \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \right)'_y = \left( \frac{1}{x} - \frac{x}{y^2} \right)'_y = 0 + \frac{2x}{y^3} = \frac{2x}{y^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = \frac{2y}{x^3} + \frac{2x}{y^3} = \frac{2y^4 + 2x^4}{x^3y^3}$$

$2y^4 + 2x^4 = 0$  if and only if  $(x, y) = (0, 0)$ , but expression  $\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2}$  is not defined when  $(x, y) = (0, 0)$ , because we cannot divide by zero.

Thus,

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} \neq 0.$$

**Answer:**

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = \frac{2y}{x^3} \text{ and } \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = \frac{2x}{y^3}$$

$$\frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} \neq 0.$$