

Answer on Question #56780 – Math – Algebra

5. The function $Q(t) = Q_0e^{-kt}$ may be used to model radioactive decay. Q represents the quantity remaining after t years; k is the decay constant, 0.00011. How long, in years, will it take for a quantity of plutonium-240 to decay to 25% of its original amount?

- A: 12,602 years
- B: 1,575 Years
- C: 3,150 years
- D: 9,450 years

Q(t)	Q_0
25%	100%

If $k=0.00011$, then

Solution
 $Q(t) = Q_0e^{-kt}$

$$\frac{Q(t)}{Q_0} = 0.25$$

$$e^{-kt} = 0.25$$

$$e^{-0.00011t} = 0.25$$

$$-0.00011t = \ln(0.25)$$

$$t = \frac{\ln(0.25)}{-0.00011}$$

$$t \approx 12,602.68$$

Answer: A: 12,602 years.

4. Plutonium-240 decays according to the function $Q(t) = Q_0e^{-kt}$. How long will it take 27 grams of plutonium-240 to decay to 9 grams?

- k is the decay constant, 0.00011
- A: 2,100 years
 - B: 1.44 years
 - C: 18,900 years
 - D: 9,987 years

Solution:

Q(t)	Q_0
9 g	27 g

If $k=0.00011$, then

$$Q(t) = Q_0e^{-kt}$$

$$9 = 27e^{-kt}$$

$$e^{-kt} = \frac{9}{27} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$e^{-0.00011t} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$-0.00011t = \ln \frac{1}{3}$$

$$t = \frac{\ln \frac{1}{3}}{-0.00011}$$

$$t \approx 9,937.38$$

Answer: D: 9,987 years.