

Answer on Question #55965 – Math – Algebra

The numerator of a fraction is one less than its denominator. If 3 is added to each of its numerator and denominator then the fraction is increased by $\frac{3}{28}$. Find the fraction.

Solution

Let the denominator be x , then numerator will be $(x - 1)$. We have a fraction $\frac{x-1}{x}$.

Now adding 3 to the numerator and denominator: $\frac{x+2}{x+3}$.

Then we can write the equation:

$$\frac{x+2}{x+3} - \frac{x-1}{x} = \frac{3}{28}$$

We reduce the left-hand side of the equation to the common denominator:

$$\frac{x^2+2x-x^2-3x+x+3}{x(x+3)} = \frac{3}{28}$$

Simplify

$$\frac{3}{x(x+3)} = \frac{3}{28}$$

We come to the quadratic equation:

$$x^2 + 3x - 28 = 0.$$

From Viet's formulae we have

$$x_1 + x_2 = -3, x_1 \cdot x_2 = -28.$$

Trying different values of x_1, x_2 we find that

$$x_1 = 4, x_2 = -7.$$

If $x_1 = 4$ then the fraction is $\frac{3}{4}$, which meets the requirement that the numerator is less than the denominator.

If $x_2 = -7$ then the fraction is $\frac{-8}{-7} = \frac{8}{7}$. We see that this fraction doesn't satisfy condition, because in this case the numerator is not less than the denominator.

Answer: $\frac{3}{4}$.