## Answer on Question \#55742 - Math - Calculus

If $f$ and $g$ are two functions of $x$, then $\qquad$
A. $\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{dx}(\mathrm{f} / \mathrm{g})=(\mathrm{fdf} / \mathrm{dx}-\mathrm{gdg} / \mathrm{dx}) / \mathrm{f}^{\wedge} 2$
B. $\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{dx}(\mathrm{f} / \mathrm{g})=(\mathrm{gdf} / \mathrm{dx}-\mathrm{fdg} / \mathrm{dx}) / \mathrm{f}^{\wedge} 2$
C. $d / d x(f / g)=(g d f d x-f d f d x) / g^{\wedge} 2$
D. $\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{dx}(\mathrm{f} / \mathrm{g})=(\mathrm{gd} / \mathrm{fdx}-\mathrm{fdg} / \mathrm{dx}) / \mathrm{g}^{\wedge} 2$

## Solution

If $f$ and $g$ are two functions of $x$, then
D. $\mathrm{d} / \mathrm{dx}(\mathrm{f} / \mathrm{g})=(\mathrm{gdf} / \mathrm{dx}-\mathrm{fdg} / \mathrm{dx}) / \mathrm{g}^{\wedge} 2$ is correct.

