## Answer on Question #55355 – Math – Calculus

## Question

Find a vector that has direction angles  $\alpha$  = 75° and  $\beta$  = 128°.

Fully explain your method. Is there more than one possible answer?

Why?

What do they have in common?

## Solution

There is an expression for the direction angles:

$$\cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \beta + \cos^2 \gamma = 1,$$

where  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$  are direction angles. Given the values of  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ , we can find the value of  $\gamma$ :

$$\cos\gamma = \sqrt{1 - \cos^2\alpha - \cos^2\beta}$$

or

$$\cos \gamma = -\sqrt{1 - \cos^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \beta}$$

We can see that more than one answer is possible, because there are two possible values of  $\gamma$ . These two vectors lie in the same line, but have opposite direction. So these vectors will be collinear.

It happens because angles  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  defines the line, but not direction on the line. We also have a set of vectors which differ in the length, because every vector can be represented as

 $(r \cdot cos\alpha; r \cdot cos\beta; r \cdot cos\gamma),$ 

where *r* is the length of the vector.