

Answer on Question #54090 – Math – Calculus

Question

The nth term of a sequence is given. Determine whether the sequence converges or diverges. If it converges find its limit

- (i) $n!/n$
- (ii) $2^n/(2n)!$
- (iii) e^n/n
- (iv) $1+1/2!+1/3!+\dots\dots\dots+1/n!$

Solution

(i) $\frac{n!}{n} = (n-1)! \text{ diverges.}$

(ii) $\frac{2^n}{(2n)!} = \frac{1}{(2n-2)!} \text{ converges, } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{(2n-2)!} = 0.$

(iii) $\frac{e^n}{n} \text{ diverges.}$

(iv) $1 + \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{1}{3!} + \dots + \frac{1}{n!} \text{ converges,}$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{2!} + \frac{1}{3!} + \dots + \frac{1}{n!} \right) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{k!} = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{k!} = e - 1.$$