## Answer on Question \#52571 - Math - Combinatorics \| Number Theory

Show that if $b \mid a$ and $c \mid a$ and $(b, c)=1$ then $b c \mid a$.

## Solution

Assume that $a, b, c$ natural numbers.
Since $b \mid a$ then there exists natural $k$ such that $a=b k$. Since $c \mid a$ then there exists natural $m$ such that $a=c m$. Therefore $b k=c m$.
Let's consider the equality $b k=c m: b k=c m \Leftrightarrow k=\frac{c m}{b}$. Since $k$ is natural, then $\frac{c m}{b}$ is natural. Since $(b, c)=1$, then we obtain that $b \mid m$, therefore there exists natural $n$ such that $m=n b$. Thus, we obtain that $a=c m=c n b=n(b c)$. Since $n \in N$ then $b c \mid a$.

