## Answer on Question #52167 – Math – Multivariable Calculus

Find the total mass of a plate in the shape of the region bounded by  $y=x^{-1}$  and y=0 for 1<x<4 and the mass density is f(x,y)=y/x.

## Solution

The total mass of a plate is given by

$$m = \iint_{S} f(x, y) dx dy$$

where f(x,y) – mass density; S – body (plate), its mass to be found.

S: 
$$y = \frac{1}{x}$$
;  $y = 0$ ;  $1 < x < 4$ .  
 $0 \le y \le \frac{1}{x}$ ;  $1 < x < 4$ ;



$$m = \iint_{S} f(x,y) dx dy =$$

$$= \int_{1}^{4} dx \int_{0}^{\frac{1}{x}} \frac{y}{x} dy = \int_{1}^{4} \frac{1}{x} \left( \int_{0}^{\frac{1}{x}} y dy \right) dx = \int_{1}^{4} \frac{1}{x} \left( \frac{y^{2}}{2} \Big|_{0}^{\frac{1}{x}} \right) dx =$$

$$= \int_{1}^{4} \frac{1}{2x} \left( \frac{1}{x^{2}} - 0 \right) dx = \int_{1}^{4} \frac{1}{2x^{3}} dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_{1}^{4} x^{-3} dx = \frac{1}{2} \left( \frac{x^{-2}}{-2} \Big|_{1}^{4} \right) = -\frac{1}{4x^{2}} \Big|_{1}^{4} =$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4 \cdot 4^{2}} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{4} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{16} \right) = \frac{15}{64}.$$

To evaluate the total mass, Newton-Leibnitz formula was applied to two definite integrals:

$$\frac{1}{x} \int_{0}^{\frac{1}{x}} y dy = \frac{y^2}{2x} \Big|_{0}^{\frac{1}{x}} = \frac{1}{2x^3} - 0 = \frac{1}{2x^3}.$$
$$m = \int_{1}^{4} \frac{1}{2x^3} dx = -\frac{1}{4x^2} \Big|_{1}^{4} = -\frac{1}{4 * 16} + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{15}{64}.$$

**Answer:**  $m = \frac{15}{64}$ .