Answer on Question #51345 - Math - Other

Question the orthocenter of the triangle formed by (0,0), (5,-1), (-2,3) is

Solution Let us denote points as A(0,0), B(5,-1) and C(-2,3). Let us find slopes of AB, BC and CA:

$$AB: \frac{-1-0}{5-0} = -\frac{1}{5}$$
$$BC: \frac{3-(-1)}{-2-5} = -\frac{4}{7}$$
$$CA: \frac{0-3}{0-(-2)} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

Let us find the slope of the altitudes AD, BE and CF which are perpendicular to BC, CA and AB respectively.

$$AD: -\frac{1}{\text{slope of BC}} = \frac{7}{4}$$
$$BE: -\frac{1}{\text{slope of CA}} = \frac{2}{3}$$
$$CF: -\frac{1}{\text{slope of AB}} = 5$$

Now let us find equation of the line AD with point A(0,0) and the slope 7/4. Obviously its

$$y = \frac{7}{4}x$$

Now let us find equation of the line CF with point C(-2,3) and the slope 5. Obviously its

$$2(-5) + 13 = 3$$

 $y = 5x + 13$

We can now find orthocenter solving system of equations

$$y = \frac{7}{4}x$$
$$y = 5x + 13$$

Coordinates of orthocenter is

$$(-4, -7)$$

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