Answer on Question #50840 – Math – Vector Calculus

Question

a and *b* are vectors defined by a = 8i + 2j - 3k and b = 3i - 6j + 4k, where *i*, *j*, *k* are mutually perpendicular unit vectors. Calculate *a* and *b*.

Solution

Vectors *i*, *j*, *k* form a standard basis in \mathbb{R}^3 , so i = (1; 0; 0), j = (0; 1; 0), k = (0; 0; 1).

Then a = 8i + 2j - 3k = (8; 0; 0) + (0; 2; 0) - (0; 0; 3) = (8; 2; -3).

Similarly

b = 3i - 6j + 4k = (3; 0; 0) - (0; 6; 0) + (0; 0; 4) = (3; -6; 4).

Answer: a = (8; 2; -3), b = (3; -6; 4).