Find the area of the region bounded by the graphs of  $y = \sqrt{x}$  and y = -x-1 between x=1 and x=4.



## First method

To find the area of region, we have to evaluate the following double integral:

$$\iint_{A} dxdy = \int_{1}^{4} dx \int_{-x-1}^{\sqrt{x}} dy = \int_{1}^{4} (\sqrt{x} + x + 1)dx = \int_{1}^{4} \sqrt{x}dx + \int_{1}^{4} xdx + \int_{1}^{4} dx =$$
$$= \frac{2}{3}x^{3/2} \Big|_{1}^{4} + \frac{1}{2}x^{2} \Big|_{1}^{4} + x\Big|_{1}^{4} = \frac{16}{3} - \frac{2}{3} + 8 - \frac{1}{2} + 3 = \frac{91}{6} = 15.1667$$

where *A* is a region bounded by  $y = \sqrt{x}$  and y = -x - 1 between x=1 and x=4.

## Second method

Let *S* be the area of the given region.

We have to find the sum  $\int_{1}^{4} \sqrt{x} dx + \left| \int_{1}^{4} (-x-1) dx \right|$ . The absolute value of the definite integral in the second term is taken, because all corresponding values of integrand are negative.

$$\int_{1}^{4} \sqrt{x} dx = \frac{2}{3} x^{3/2} \Big|_{1}^{4} = \frac{14}{3}$$

$$\int_{1}^{4} (-x-1) dx = -\frac{x^{2}}{2} \Big|_{1}^{4} - x \Big|_{1}^{4} = -8 + \frac{1}{2} - 3 = -\frac{21}{2}$$

$$S = \frac{14}{3} + \Big| -\frac{21}{2} \Big| = \frac{14}{3} + \frac{21}{2} = \frac{91}{6} = 15.1667$$
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**Answer:**  $\frac{91}{6}$  or 15.1667.