

## Answer on Question #50585 – Math – Calculus

### Question

The radius,  $r$  cm, of a spherical balloon at a time  $t$  seconds is given by  $r = 3 + \frac{2}{1+t}$ .

What is the initial radius? Find the rate of change of  $r$  (w.r.t. $t$ ) when  $t = 3$

### Solution

The initial radius is evaluated when  $t = 0$ :

$$r(0) = 3 + \frac{2}{1+0} = 3 + 2 = 5 \text{ (cm)}$$

The rate of change of  $r$  (w.r.t. $t$ ) is the following:

$$\frac{dr(t)}{dt} = \frac{d}{dt} \left( 3 + \frac{2}{1+t} \right) = \frac{d}{dt} (3) + \frac{d}{dt} \left( \frac{2}{1+t} \right) = 0 + 2 \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{(1+t)^2} \right) = -\frac{2}{(1+t)^2}$$

The rate of change of  $r$  (w.r.t. $t$ ) when  $t = 3$  is given by

$$\left. \frac{dr(t)}{dt} \right|_{t=3} = -\frac{2}{(1+3)^2} = -\frac{2}{4^2} = -\frac{2}{16} = -0.125 \left( \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}} \right).$$

**Answer:**  $r(0) = 5 \text{ cm}$ ,  $\left. \frac{dr(t)}{dt} \right|_{t=3} = -0.125 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{s}}$