

Answer on Question #50525– Math – Integral Calculus

$$\int \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a+x}} dx$$

Solution:

Integrating by parts

$$u = \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a+x}}, \quad du = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-\frac{x}{a+x}}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{a+x}{x}} \cdot \frac{a+x-x}{(a+x)^2} dx = \frac{\sqrt{a}}{2\sqrt{x}(a+x)} dx$$

$$dv = dx, v = x$$

$$\int \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a+x}} dx = uv - \int v du = x \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a+x}} - \int \frac{\sqrt{ax}}{2\sqrt{x}(a+x)} dx$$

Let $\sqrt{x} = t$, then $x = t^2$, and $\frac{dx}{2\sqrt{x}} = dt$, so $dx = 2\sqrt{x}dt = 2tdt$

Hence:

$$\begin{aligned} \int \frac{\sqrt{ax}}{2\sqrt{x}(a+x)} dx &= \int \frac{\sqrt{at}}{2(a+t^2)} \cdot 2tdt = \sqrt{a} \int \frac{t^2+a-a}{t^2+a} dt = \\ &= \sqrt{a} \int dt - a\sqrt{a} \int \frac{dt}{t^2+a} = \sqrt{a}t - \frac{a\sqrt{a}}{\sqrt{a}} \tan^{-1} \frac{t}{\sqrt{a}} + C = \\ &= \sqrt{ax} - a \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}} + C, \end{aligned}$$

where C is an arbitrary real constant.

Finally obtain:

$$\int \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a+x}} dx = x \sin^{-1} \sqrt{\frac{x}{a+x}} - \sqrt{ax} + a \tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{x}}{\sqrt{a}} + C$$