

Answer on Question # 48974 – Math – Calculus

Determine whether the series convergent or divergent by using integral test

$$\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{2\ln(n-1)}{n-1}$$

Solution.

Consider the series $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{2\ln(n-1)}{n-1}$ and integral $\int_2^{\infty} \frac{2\ln(x-1)}{x-1} dx$.

We use the integral test

$$\int_2^{\infty} \frac{2\ln(x-1)}{x-1} dx = \lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \int_2^A \frac{2\ln(x-1)}{x-1} dx = \left[\begin{array}{l} \ln(x-1) = t \\ dt = \frac{dx}{x-1} \\ x=2 \Rightarrow t = \ln 1 = 0 \\ x=A \Rightarrow t = \ln(A-1) \end{array} \right] = \lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^{\ln(A-1)} 2t dt = \lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2t^2}{2} \Big|_0^{\ln(A-1)} =$$
$$\lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} t^2 \Big|_0^{\ln(A-1)} = \lim_{A \rightarrow \infty} (\ln^2(A-1) - 0) = \infty.$$

Hence by the Integral Test the series $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{2\ln(n-1)}{n-1}$ diverges.

Answer: The series $\sum_{n=2}^{\infty} \frac{2\ln(n-1)}{n-1}$ diverges.