

### Answer on Question #47126 – Math – Calculus

The lemniscates  $r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$  revolve about a tangent at a pole. Show that the volume generated is  $\pi^2 a^3/4$ .

**Solution.**

$$r^2 = a^2 \cos 2\theta$$

In cartesian coordinates:

$$(x^2 + y^2)^2 = a^2(x^2 - y^2)$$

and the tangents in the origin are the lines  $y = \pm x$ . Let  $R$  be the region of the  $x \geq 0$  halfplane bounded by the lemniscate. We just need to compute the area  $A$  of  $R$ , the centroid  $G$  of  $R$ , then apply the second Pappus' centroid theorem. By using polar coordinates we have:

$$A = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} r^2 d\theta = \frac{a^2}{2} \int_{-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\frac{\pi}{4}} \cos 2\theta d\theta = \frac{a^2}{2} * \frac{1}{2} \sin 2\theta \Big|_{\theta=-\frac{\pi}{4}}^{\theta=\frac{\pi}{4}} = \frac{a^2}{2}$$

By symmetry, the centroid of  $R$  lies on the  $y = 0$  line. Its abscissa is given by

$$\begin{aligned} G_x &= \frac{\int_0^a x f(x) dx}{\int_0^a f(x) dx} = \frac{\int_0^a x f(x) dx}{\frac{A}{2}} = \frac{4}{a^2} \int_0^a x f(x) dx = \\ &= \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{a^2} \int_0^a x \sqrt{-2x^2 - a^2 + \sqrt{a^4 + 8a^2x^2}} dx = \frac{\pi a}{4\sqrt{2}} \end{aligned}$$

hence the distance of the centroid of  $R$  from a tangent line in the origin is just

$$\frac{\pi a}{8}, \text{ and } V = 2 * 2\pi * \frac{\pi a}{8} * A = \frac{\pi^2 a^3}{4} .$$