The range of operator $T: U \to V$ is defined as:

$$R(A) = \{v \in V : \exists u \in U : v = A(u)\}$$

Rewriting this definition we got:

$$\{v \in V : \exists u \in U : v = A(u)\} = \{T(u) | u \in U\} = T(U)$$

Using this we conclude that T(U) is the range of linear transformation T.

ANSWER: range of T