## Answer on Question \#85835 - Chemistry - Inorganic Chemistry

1. The density of mercury is $13.6 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$, the water level in the graduated cylinder rises to 98 mL after mercury is added. What is the mass of mercury in grams?
2. What is the density of a 56.3 g rod that is 1.25 cm long and has a diameter of 2.4 cm ?

## Solution:

1. $\rho=\frac{m}{V}$

If cylinder containing exactly 50 mL of water
V (mercury) $=98 \mathrm{~mL}-50 \mathrm{~mL}=28 \mathrm{~mL}$
$m=\rho \times V=13.6 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL} \times 28 \mathrm{~mL}=380.8 \mathrm{~g}$
2. $\rho=\frac{m}{V}$
$R=D / 2=2.4 / 2=1.2 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\mathrm{H}=1.25 \mathrm{~cm}$
$\mathrm{V}($ cylinder $)=\pi \mathrm{R}^{2} \mathrm{~h}=3.14 \times(1.2 \mathrm{~cm})^{2} \times 1.25 \mathrm{~cm}=5.65 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}=5.65 \mathrm{~mL}$
$\rho=\frac{m}{V}=\frac{56.3 \mathrm{~g}}{5.65 \mathrm{~mL}}=9.96 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mL}$
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