

Answer on Question #85439 – Chemistry – Other

Task:

When a given mass of CaCO_3 was heated 0.25 dm^3 of a gas was collected at 250 and at a pressure of 120 N m^{-2}

- 1) Write an equation for the reaction.
- 2) Calculate the mass of the gaseous product obtained from (ii) CaCO_3 .

Solution:

At 250??? (suppose it is 250 degrees Celsius, 250°C).

Then,

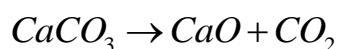
$$T = 250^\circ\text{C} + 273.15 = 523.15 \text{ K}$$

$$P = 120 \text{ N m}^{-2} = 120 \text{ Pa}$$

$$V = 0.25 \text{ dm}^3 = 0.00025 \text{ m}^3$$

$$M(\text{CO}_2) = A_r(\text{C}) + 2 \cdot A_r(\text{O}) = 12 + 2 \cdot 16 = 44 \text{ (g/mol)}.$$

- 1) Chemical reaction equation:



- 2) Ideal gas law (Mendeleev-Clapeyron equation):

$$PV = nRT;$$

$$PV = \frac{mRT}{M}$$

where

P – gas pressure (in Pascal);

V – gas volume (in m^3);

T – gas temperature (in Kelvins);

R – gas constant $8.314 \text{ (m}^3 \cdot \text{Pa} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}\text{)}$

$$m(\text{CO}_2) = \frac{PVM}{RT};$$

$$m(\text{CO}_2) = \frac{120 \text{ Pa} \cdot 0.00025 \text{ m}^3 \cdot 44 \text{ g/mol}}{8.314 \text{ m}^3 \cdot \text{Pa} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \cdot 523.15 \text{ K}} = 0.0003 \text{ g} = 0.3 \text{ mg}$$

$$m(\text{CO}_2) = 0.3 \text{ mg}$$

Answer: 0.3 mg CO_2 .