

1). For a 0.090 M solution of HCl, calculate: [H⁺], pH, pOH, and [OH⁻]

2). The same calculations for a 1.0 x 10⁻¹² M solution of HBr.

Solution:

$$1) \text{ [H}^+] = 0.090;$$

$$\text{pH} = -\text{LOG} [0.090] = 1.046;$$

$$\text{pOH} = 14 - \text{pH} = 12.95;$$

$$[\text{OH}^-] = 10^{-\text{pOH}} = 1.12 \times 10^{-13}.$$

$$2). \text{ [H}^+] = 1.0 \times 10^{-12};$$

$$\text{pH} = -\text{LOG} [1.0 \times 10^{-12}] = 12;$$

$$\text{pOH} = 14 - \text{pH} = 2;$$

$$[\text{OH}^-] = 10^{-\text{pOH}} = 0.010.$$

$$1) \text{ Answer: [H}^+] = 0.090;$$

$$\text{pH} = 1.046;$$

$$\text{pOH} = 12.95;$$

$$[\text{OH}^-] = 1.12 \times 10^{-13} = 1.12\text{E-}13.$$

$$2). \text{ [H}^+] = 1.0 \times 10^{-12} = 1.00\text{E-}12;$$

$$\text{pH} = 12;$$

$$\text{pOH} = 2;$$

$$[\text{OH}^-] = 0.010.$$