## Answer on Question \#82417, Chemistry/ General Chemistry

If 23.9 mL strontium hydroxide solution neutralized 31.5 mL nitric acid solution, what is the concentration of the acid?

## Solution

$\mathrm{Sr}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}+2 \mathrm{HNO}_{3} \rightarrow \mathrm{Sr}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{3}\right)_{2}+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$
As concentration of the strontium hydroxide solution is not given we can take this value as $x$ $\mathrm{mol} / \mathrm{L}$.

Then concentration of an acid is:

$$
\frac{23.9 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~L} \times x \frac{\mathrm{~mol}}{\mathrm{~L}} \times \frac{2 \mathrm{~mol} \mathrm{HNO}}{3}}{1 \mathrm{molSr}(\mathrm{OH})_{2}}{ }_{31.5 \times 10^{-3} \mathrm{~L}}=1.517 \times x \frac{\mathrm{~mol}}{\mathrm{~L}}
$$

Now if the concentration of the strontium hydroxide is known, for example, $1.71 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$, then concentration of the nitric acid is $1.517 \times 1.71 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}=2.59 \mathrm{~mol} / \mathrm{L}$.

Answer: $\mathbf{2 . 5 9 \mathrm { mol } / \mathrm { L }}$

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