Consider a situation in which 112 g of P4 are exposed to 112 g of O 2 . What is the maximum amount of moles of P205 that I can theoretically be made from 112 g of P4 and excess oxygen.

Solution:
1.P4+5O2=2P2O5
2.n(P4)=112/124=0.9 mol;
$3 . n(02)=112 / 32=3.5 \mathrm{~mol} ;$
4.n(P2O5) $=3.5 \times 2 / 5=1.4 \mathrm{~mol}$.

Answer: $\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{P} 2 \mathrm{O} 5)=1.4 \mathrm{~mol}$.

