

Question # 81553

A heliox deep-sea diving mixture contains 2.0 g of oxygen to every 98.0 g of helium. What is the partial pressure of oxygen when this mixture is delivered at a total pressure of 8.7 bar ?

Answer:

The partial pressure of oxygen in this mixture at a pressure of 8.7 bar is equal to 0.02214 bar.

By the Raoult's law [1], the partial pressure of oxygen is equal to:

$$p_{O_2} = P * \chi,$$

where P – the total pressure of gas mixture;

χ – the mole fraction of oxygen in the mixture.

$$\chi_{O_2} = \frac{\nu_{O_2}}{\nu_{O_2} + \nu_{He}}$$
$$\nu = \frac{m}{M}$$

First of all, it is needed to calculate the amount of oxygen and helium in the mixture:

$$\nu = \frac{2}{32} = 0.0625 \text{ mol}$$

$$\nu = \frac{98}{4} = 24.5 \text{ mol}$$

Next, it is necessary to count the mole fraction of oxygen in the mixture:

$$\chi_{O_2} = \frac{0.0625}{0.0625 + 24.5} = 0.002545$$

Consequently, the partial pressure of oxygen in this mixture at a pressure of 8.7 bar is equal to:

$$p_{O_2} = 8.7 * 0.002545 = 0.02214 \text{ bar}$$

Reference:

[1] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Raoult%27s_law

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