Mothballs are composed primarily of the hydrocarbon naphthalene ($C_{10}H_8$). When 1.274 g of naphthalene burns in a bomb calorimeter, the temperature rises from 26.214 °C to 30.284 °C.

Find ΔrH for the combustion of naphthalene at 298 K. When considering phase, assume all reactants and products are at 298 K.

 $\begin{array}{l} C_{10}H_8(s) + 12O_2(g) \implies 10CO_2(g) + 4H_2O(l) \\ m(C_{10}H_8) = 1.274 \ g \\ T_1 = 26.214 \ ^\circ C \\ T_2 = 30.284 \ ^\circ C \\ The \ \Delta rH \ sign \ of \ methanol \ will \ be \ negative \ because \ it \ is \ exothermic. \\ The heat \ capacity \ of \ the \ bomb \ calorimeter \ - \ C \\ \Delta T = 30.284 \ ^\circ C \ - 26.214 \ ^\circ C = 4.07 \\ C = q_a / \Delta T \\ q_a = C^* \Delta T = 4.07 \ C \ (kJ) \\ n(C_{10}H_8) = m(C_{10}H_8) / M(C_{10}H_8) = 1.274 \ g / \ 128.17 \ g \cdot mol^{-1} = \ 0.01 \ mol \\ \Delta rH = q_a / n(C_{10}H_8) = 4.07 \ ^\circ C \ kJ / \ 0.01 \ mol = -407 \ ^\circ C \ kJ \cdot mol^{-1}. \end{array}$

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