

Answer on Question #80759, Chemistry / General Chemistry

If 12g of sodium hydroxide was dissolved in 100cm³ of water.
What would be the concentration in mol /dm³, of the solution?

Solution

$$n=m/M$$

$$M(\text{NaOH})= 40 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$n(\text{NaOH}) = \frac{12 \text{ g}}{40 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}} = 0.3 \text{ mol}$$

$$c = \frac{n}{V}$$

$$m_{\text{solution}} = m(\text{NaOH}) + m(\text{H}_2\text{O})= m(\text{NaOH})+V(\text{H}_2\text{O})\times d(\text{H}_2\text{O})= 12 \text{ g}+ 100 \text{ cm}^3\times 1\text{g/cm}^3 = 112 \text{ g}$$

We make an assumption that solution of NaOH has density the same as water, $d_{\text{solution}} = 1\text{g/cm}^3$

$$V=m\times d$$

$$V_{\text{solution}} = 112 \text{ g}\times 1\text{g/cm}^3 = 112 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$c = \frac{0.3 \text{ mol}}{112 \text{ cm}^3 \times \frac{1 \text{ dm}^3}{1000 \text{ cm}^3}} = 2.7 \text{ mol/dm}^3$$

Answer: 2.7 mol/dm³