## Question:

A solution containing Na 2 CO 3 and NaOH requires 300 ml of 0.1 N HCl using phenolpthalein as an indicator. Methyl orange is then added to the above titrated solution when a further 25 ml of 0.2 N HCl is required. the amount of NaOH present in soultion is?

## Solution:

$\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}+2 \mathrm{HCl}=\mathrm{NaCl}_{2}+\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O} ;$
$\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{HCl})=\mathrm{c}^{*} \mathrm{~V}=0.1^{*} 0.3=0.03 \mathrm{~mol} ;$
$\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{HCl})=\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{NaOH})=0.03 \mathrm{~mol} ;$
$\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{HCl})_{2}=\mathrm{c}^{*} \mathrm{~V}=0.2^{*} 0.025=0.005 \mathrm{~mol} ;$
$\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{HCl})_{\text {total }}=0.035 \mathrm{~mol}$;
$w(\mathrm{NaOH})=0.03 / 0.065=0.4615=46.15 \%$.

