Avogadro's number is 6.022×10^{23} . It means how many elementary units (atoms or molecules) are in 1 mole of a given substance.

$$n = N/N_A$$

N – how many atoms or molecules are in a given substance.

N_A – Avogadro's number

n – how many moles of a given substance

For example we have 60.22×10^{23} molecules of water. How many moles of water do we have?

$$n = N/N_A = 60.22 \times 10^{23}/6.022 \times 10^{23} = 10$$
 moles of water

Answer provided by AssignmentExpert.com