



$$m(\text{CH}_4) = 0.16 \text{ g}$$

$$m(\text{O}_2) = 0.25 \text{ g}$$

$$M(\text{CH}_4) = 12 + 1 \cdot 4 = 16 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$M(\text{O}_2) = 16 \cdot 2 = 32 \text{ g/mol}$$

$$n(\text{CH}_4) = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{0.16 \text{ g}}{16 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}} = 0.01 \text{ mol}$$

$$n(\text{O}_2) = \frac{m}{M} = \frac{0.25 \text{ g}}{32 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}} = 0.0078 \text{ mol}$$

O_2 is the limiting reactant/

$$n(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = 0.0078 \text{ mol}$$

$$m(\text{H}_2\text{O}) = n \cdot M = 0.0078 \text{ mol} \cdot 18 \text{ g/mol} = 0.14 \text{ g}$$

$$\text{Percent yield} = \frac{\text{Actual mass of product}}{\text{Predicted mass of product}} \cdot 100\%$$

$$\text{Percent yield of water} = \frac{0.122 \text{ g}}{0.14 \text{ g}} = 87.14 \%$$

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