

Answer on Question #71167 – Chemistry – General Chemistry

- 6) There is something called the lattice energy. Is that the energy needed to break the ionic bond between, in this case $\text{Mg}^{2+} \dots \text{O}$? in a MgSO_4 dissolved in distilled water?
- 7) How do I calculate how much energy I need to break all the $\text{Mg}^{2+} \dots \text{O}$ bonds in a 100 ml solution of MgSO_4 at 20 degrees.
- 8) Would the calculation in 7) be different if I used $\text{MgSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ or $\text{MgSO}_4 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$ in the saturated solution.

Solution:

Lattice energy is the energy required to break apart an ionic solid and convert its component atoms into gaseous ions, in this case $\text{Mg}^{2+} \dots \text{SO}_4^{2-}$

You can use a Hess's Law cycle (in this case called a Born-Haber cycle) involving enthalpy changes which can be measured.

Enthalpy of lattice formation (lattice energy) of $\text{MgSO}_4 = -2833 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$

Will be no differ if you use $\text{MgSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$ or $\text{MgSO}_4 \cdot 6\text{H}_2\text{O}$, because crystallized water dissolve in solution. For calculations of the lattice energy you need only MgSO_4

