Question #63964, Chemistry / General chemistry

A sample of KCIO3 was heated to decompose it to potassium chloride and oxygen. The O2 was collected over water at 294K and a barometric pressure of 746mmHg. A 155-ml volume of the gaseous mixture was obtained. What mass of KCIO3 was decomposed?

Solution

 $\begin{aligned} 2\text{KCIO}_3 &= 2\text{KCI} + 3\text{O}_2 \\ p\text{V/T} &= p_1\text{V}_1/\text{T}_1 \\ \text{V}_1 &= p^*\text{V*T}_1/p_1\text{*T} = 746 \text{* } 0.155 \text{* } 273 \text{/ } 746 \text{* } 294 \text{= } 0.144 \text{ (L)} \\ n(\text{O}_2) &= \text{V/Vm} = 0.144 \text{/ } 22.4 \text{= } 0.0064 \text{ (mol)} \\ n(\text{KCIO}_3) &= 2/3 \text{* } n(\text{O}_2) \text{= } 0.00427 \text{ (mol)} \\ m(\text{KCIO}_3) &= n^*\text{M} \text{= } 0.00427 \text{* } (39 \text{+ } 35.5 \text{+ } 16\text{* } 3) \text{= } 0.52 \text{ (g)} \end{aligned}$

Answer

m(KClO₃) = 0.52 g