Answer on the question #62836, Chemistry / General Chemistry

Question:

what precipitate forms when aqueous solutions of calcium bromide and potassium phosphate are mixed? What is the work shown to figure this out?

Answer:

According to the solubility table, calcium phosphate $Ca_3(PO_4)_2$ is insoluble.

Solubility Table Common Ionic Compounds

			Group	1	Group 2			Transition Metals					
	NH ₄ +	Li+	Na+	K+	Mg ²⁺	Ca ²⁺	Ba ²⁺	Al ³⁺	Fe ³⁺	Cu ²⁺	Ag+	Zn ²⁺	Pb ²⁺
F-	sol	sol	sol	sol	insol	insol	sl sol	sol	sl sol	sol	sol	sol	inso
CI-	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	insol	sol	sol
Br-	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	insol	sol	sl so
г	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol			insol	sol	inso
OH-	sol	sol	sol	sol	insol	sl sol	sol	insol	insol	insol		insol	inso
S ²⁻	sol	sol	sol	sol					insol	insol	insol	insol	inso
SO ₄ 2-	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	si sol	insol	sol	sol	sol	sl sol	sol	inso
CO ₃ 2-	sol	sol	sol	sol	insol	insol	insol				insol	insol	inso
NO ₃ -	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol
P0 ₄ 3-	sol	insol	sol	sol	insol	insol	insol	insol	insol	insol	insol	insol	inso
CrO ₄ ²⁻	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	insol		insol	insol	insol	insol	inso
CH ₃ CO ₂ -	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol	8 50	sol	sol	sol	sol	sol

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Thus, the precipitate formed when two solutions are mixed is calcium phosphate Ca₃(PO₄)₂.

The equation of chemical reaction between calcium bromide and potassium phosphate is needed to figure this out:

$$3CaBr_2 + 2K_3PO_4 \rightarrow 2Ca_3(PO_4)_2 \downarrow +6KBr$$

In its turn, potassium bromide is soluble.

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