

## Answer on the question #62727, Chemistry / Physical Chemistry

### Question:

NH<sub>4</sub>HS(s) evaporates in an evacuated container at 298 K as follows:



What will be the pressure of each gas at equilibrium if  $K_p = 1.10 \cdot 10^9 \text{ Pa}^2$  at 298 K

### Solution:

Equilibrium constant for the reaction above is defined as follows:

$$K_p = p_{\text{NH}_3} \cdot p_{\text{H}_2\text{S}}$$

According to the reaction stoichiometry,  $p_{\text{NH}_3} = p_{\text{H}_2\text{S}}$ . Then, the pressure of each gas is:

$$p_{\text{NH}_3} = p_{\text{H}_2\text{S}} = \sqrt[2]{K_p} = \sqrt[2]{1.10 \cdot 10^9 (\text{Pa}^2)} = 3.3 \cdot 10^4 \text{ Pa}$$

**Answer:**  $p_{\text{NH}_3} = p_{\text{H}_2\text{S}} = 3.3 \cdot 10^4 \text{ Pa}$